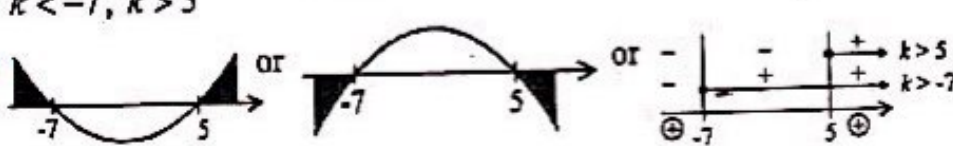

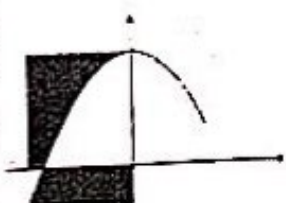


No	Answer	Marks
1	$n = 2(p + 2q)$ or equivalent $p + 2q = \frac{n}{2}$ a^{p+q} or a^p or $a^{\frac{1}{2}}$	3 B2 B1
2	$3n - \frac{2}{t}$ $3n \log_5 5 - 2 \log_5 k$ OR $t(3n - \square) = 2$ $\frac{\log_5 5}{\log_5 k}$ or $\frac{\log_k \left(\frac{5^{3n}}{k^2} \right)}{\log_k 5}$ or $\log_5 5^{3n} - \log_5 k^2$ OR $5 = k^t$ or $\frac{5^{3n}}{k^2} = 5^2$ Note: Use any one laws of logarithm correctly.	3 B2 B1
3	(a) Many-to-one	1
	(b) $f(x) = x^2$ or $f: x \rightarrow x^2$	1
	(c) 4, -4 (Both)	1
4	$m = \frac{1-n}{3}$ or equivalent $g(x) = 1 - 3x$ OR $5 - 3m = n + 4$ $g(x) + 4$ OR $f^{-1}(x) = x - 4$ OR $n + 4$ or $5 - 3m$	3 B2 B1
5	$x^2 - (4k^2 + 6)x + 9 = 0$ $(\alpha^2 + \beta^2) = 4k^2 + 6$ and $(\alpha^2 \beta^2) = 9$ $\alpha + \beta = -2k$ or $\alpha\beta = -3$	3 B2 B1
6	$k < -7, k > 5$  $(k+1)^2 - 4(3)(3) > 0$ $3x^2 + (k+1)x + 3 = 0$	4 B3 B2 B1

7	(a)  Note: Accept any minimum graph sketched above x-axis.	1
	(b) $b > \frac{k}{2}$	1
8	4 $m + 3 - (3m - 2) = 4 - (m + 3)$	2 B1
9	Amirul, [RM] 87780 (Both) $\left[\frac{25}{2} [2(1600) + (24)(150)] - \frac{6}{2} [2(1600) + (5)(150)] \right] (\times 0.1 \times 12)$ $n = 7, n = 9$ (Both) $\rightarrow n = 7$ or $n = 9$ $1600 + (n-1)150 \geq 2500$ or $1600(1.06)^{n-1} \geq 2500$ Note: Accept ">" or "="	4 B3 B2 B1
10	540 $\frac{5(3^3 - 1)}{3 - 1} = 65$ OR $5(3^3) + 5(3^4)$ OR 5, 15, 45, 135, 405 $\frac{a(3^3 - 1)}{3 - 1} = 65$ OR $a + 3a + 9a = 65$	3 B2 B1
11	$X = x^2$ and $Y = xy$ $X = x^2$ or $Y = xy$ $xy = 4x^2 + 12$	3 B2 B1
12	100.2 $1.715 \times 31.05 + 2(31.05) \sin(49.12^\circ)$ $\{2\}(0.8575 \times 31.05)$ or 1.715×31.05 or $\{2\}(31.05) \sin(49.12^\circ)$ or $\{2\}(20.32) \tan(49.12^\circ)$ or $\{2\} \times \sqrt{31.05^2 - 20.32^2}$ 31.05 or 49.12° or 98.24° or 0.8575 rad or 1.715 rad	4 B3 B2 B1
13	$(-2, 4)$ and correct label $x = -2$ or $y = 4$ $-2x = 2x + 8$ or $\frac{y-8}{2} = \frac{y}{2}$ $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times m = -1$	4 B3 B2 B1

14	$3y - 4x - 12 = 0$ or $-3y + 4x + 12 = 0$ $[m] = \frac{4}{3}$ or $\frac{x}{-3} + \frac{y}{4} = 1$	2 B1
15	$\frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}b$ $[\overline{PR}] = \frac{1}{2}(\underline{-a} + \underline{b})$ or $[\overline{QR}] = \frac{1}{2}(\underline{a} - \underline{b})$ or $\underline{a} + \underline{b}$ $[\overline{PQ}] = \underline{-a} + \underline{b}$ or $[\overline{QP}] = \underline{a} - \underline{b}$	3 B2 B1
16	(a) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$ $-\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ or $-(3\underline{i} + 4\underline{j}) + (4\underline{i} - 2\underline{j})$	2 B1
	(b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{37}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\frac{\begin{pmatrix} \underline{i} - 6\underline{j} \end{pmatrix}}{\sqrt{37}}$ or $\frac{1}{\sqrt{37}} \begin{pmatrix} \underline{i} - 6\underline{j} \end{pmatrix}$ $\cdot \sqrt{(1)^2 + (-6)^2}$	2 B1
17	(a) $\frac{27k}{4}$ or equivalent $\frac{-108}{2^4} \times (-k)$ $-k$ or $\frac{-108}{u^4}$	3 B2 B1
	(b) $\frac{9}{2} + \frac{27k}{4}$ or equivalent	1
18	$y = \frac{x^2}{8} - x + 5$ or equivalent $y = \frac{1}{8}(\underline{x} - 4)^2 + 3$	4
	$3 = \frac{4^2}{8} - 4 + c$	B3
	$y = \frac{1}{8}x^2 - x + c$ $2ax - 1 = 0$ or $y = ax^2 - x + [c]$ or $y = a(\underline{x} - 4)^2 + 3$	B2 B1
19		2

		B1
20	(a) t	1
	(b) $-\frac{2t\sqrt{1-t^2}}{1-2t^2} \parallel \frac{2t\sqrt{1-t^2}}{2t^2-1}$	3
	$\frac{2\left(-\frac{t}{\sqrt{1-t^2}}\right)}{1-\left(-\frac{t}{\sqrt{1-t^2}}\right)^2}$	B2
	$\frac{\sqrt{1-t^2}}{\sqrt{1-t^2}}$	B1
21	$0^\circ, 120^\circ, 180^\circ, 240^\circ, 360^\circ$ $0^\circ, 60^\circ$ (Both) $\sin^2 \theta (2\cos \theta + 1) = 0$ OR $(\cos^2 \theta - 1)(2\cos \theta + 1) = 0$ $2\sin^2 \theta \cos \theta = 1 - \sin^2 \theta$ OR $2(1 - \cos^2 \theta)\cos \theta = \cos^2 \theta - 1$	4 B3 B2 B1
22	$54 \leq \beta \leq 59$ $\beta \leq 59$ or $\beta \geq 54$ $[\alpha] = 60$	3 B2 B1
23	$\frac{47}{72}$ $\left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{1}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{12}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{5}{12}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{4}\right)$ OR $1 - \left[\left(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{5}{12}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4}\right)\right]$ $\left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{5}{12}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{1}{4}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{1}{3}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3}\right)$ or $\left(\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4}\right)$	3 B2 B1
24	$1-p$ $q^n = npq^{n-1}$ ${}^nC_0 p^0 q^n$ or ${}^nC_1 p^1 q^{n-1}$	3 B2 B1
25	${}^7C_4 = ({}^2C_2 \times {}^5C_2)$ or ${}^5C_4 + ({}^0C_3 \times {}^2C_1)$ 7C_1 or 5C_2 or 2C_2 or 5C_4 or ${}^5C_3 \times {}^2C_1$	3 B2 B1